

Business and Biodiversity: The View from the Oil Sector



ENGAGING WITH BIODIVERSITY

DELIVERING BETTER BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION OUTCOMES

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FUTURE PERSPECTIVES

3

1. ENGAGING WITH BIODIVERSITY



- Companies depend and impact on biodiversity
- Reputational risks

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Challeng

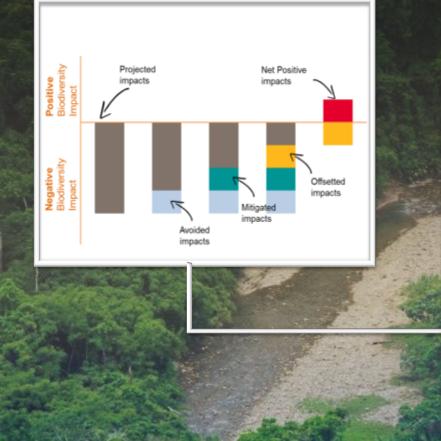
- Legal licenses to operate
- \circ $\,$ Access to land and markets
- There are no established indicators
- Increased costs
- Financial liabilities
- Data deficiencies and technical uncertainties

- Contribution to conservation
- Effective planning tools and ESIA
- Development of specific policies and mitigation approaches
- Increasing scientific knowledge
- Driving improvements in performance
- Cross industry collaborations
- Enhanced relationships with stakeholders
- Foster capacity to review, implement and monitor

Opportunities

1. ENGAGING WITH BIODIVERSITY





- Recognizing the significance of biodiversity for the oil business
- Integration of environmental issues into financial analysis and investment considerations (Due diligence and ESIA).
- Implement avoidance and impact mitigation strategies from the beginning of projects.
- Integrating best practices.
- Respect for legislative requirements.
- Raising awareness among suppliers and employees.
- Carrying out dialogues with stakeholders



Agreements: Space for innovations Support the development of efficiency in risk mitigation

Gaining new insights

Encouraging best practices internationally Developing and promoting projects and actions

Enforcing regulations

Deciding on a scientific basis

Being part of the Solution

Stakeholder Engagement: Interaction and communication



How can business work with others?

- Agreements and partnerships.
- Developing research oportunities.
- Active participation in existing initiatives.
- Sharing knowledge and experience.
- Financial support.



Outcomes

- Reducing long-term risks.
- Generating knowledge in remote areas.
- Developing models to reduce impacts.
- Capacity building in the public and private sector.
- Benefits from the experience and lessons learnt.
- Incentives for effective implementation.



International working groups

- **OGP**: The Environment Committee aims to coordinate and represent the E&P industry on environmental issues of international significance.
- **IPIECA:** The global oil and gas industry association for environmental and social issues.

ProteusPartners: Proteus is a partnership between businesses and UNEP World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC) to make available global information on biodiversity.

Best industry practices, trends and projects.



National Initiative:

- Peruvian Initiative on Biodiversity and Business: Public-private partnership which seeks to become the space for interaction and sharing information, knowledge and experiences between the business sector and the Ministry of Environment. Their working groups include:
 - a) Economic instruments for conservation,
 - b) Information Management.
 - c) Tools and guidelines of Socio -Environmental best practices.
 - d) In-situ conservation of Biodiversity.



3. FUTURE PERSPECTIVES



- Building biodiversity and ecosystem services (ES) into business governance and processes.
 Understanding interdependence through interdisciplinary project teams.
 Harmonization of data collection: Improving baselines.
 Advances in scientific and practical offset approaches.
 Key indicators: Companies will be able to measure their contribution to sustainability.
- 6) Reducing the socio- environmental impacts through innovation and new technologies.

CONCLUDING REMARKS



- The oil and gas industries are strongly related to biodiversity and ES, as they both depend and impact upon them.
- Strategies for conservation and protection of biodiversity and ecosystem services is an opportunity not only for social awareness but also for business.

• Opportunities emerging are related to:

- Achieving better operational perfomance and less conflicts.
- Reduction of operational risks and footprint
- Better stakeholder relations
- Development of effective mitigation strategies and tools for decisionmaking.
- Companies, the conservation community, governments and financial institutions need to work together.